



NARAYANA COLLEGE OF NURSING

Chinthareddypalem, Nellore - 524003. A.P.

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Recognized by Indian Nursing Council and A.P. Nurses & Midwives Council

Affiliated to Dr. Y.S.R. University of Health Sciences, A.P. Vijayawada.

Accredited by "International Accreditation Organization (IAO)"



2.5.4 Opportunities that can be provided to students for mid-course improvement of performance:

S.NO	LIST OF OPPORTUNITIES FOR MID-COURSE IMPROVEMENT FOR STUDENTS	
1	Makeup assignments	Opportunities to complete missed or additional assignments.
2	Remedial classes	Extra classes focusing on areas where students may need additional help
3	Retests	Chances to retake tests to improve scores.
4	Revision classes and formative assessments	Sessions to review content and assess understanding throughout the course.
5	Sharing of resources through institutional LMS	Availability of study materials and resources on the Learning Management System.
6	Student Support System	Access to counseling, mentoring, or other forms of support.
7	Sharing of university question papers	Providing past question papers for exam preparation


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Recognized by Indian Nursing Council vide letter No. 02/Sep/2006 INC dated: 29.09.2006 and

A.P. Nurses & Midwives Council, letter No. APNMC/CON/5212/2006, dated: 4/11/2006

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EVALUATION FORMAT FOR ASSESSING WRITTEN ASSIGNMENT

Sl.No	Criteria	Excellent (5)	Good (4)	Average (3)	Satisfactory (2)	Poor (1)
1.	Preparation of the format		✓			
2.	Selection of the content		✓			
3.	Organization of content		✓			
4.	Originality		✓			
5.	Creativity		✓			
6.	Legibility	✓				
7.	explicitness					
8.	Submission		✓			
9.	Co relating with other subjects		✓			
10.	Adequate and update reference		✓			

(5)

36

(41)

Remarks: Diagramatic representation should be done.

Ranjana

Signature of the student:

Vil. Saritha kalyan
Signature of evaluator:

[Signature]
Principal

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Chinthareddypalem,
NELLORE-524 002

ASSIGNMENT ON ORGANIZATION OF EMERGENCY SERVICES

Submitted To,

Mr. Saitthareddy mam.

Professor

Dept of NNM

Sree Narayana Nursing
college.

Submitted By.

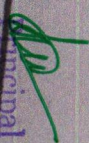
Aparna Ramod

1st year 2-batch

Roll No: 15.

Sree Narayana Nursing
college Nellore.

V.P. Sankar



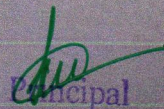
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INTRODUCTION.

The organization of emergency services is a critical component of a country or region's infrastructure, designed to provide immediate response and support during emergency situations. These services are responsible for protecting life, property and the environment from various threats.

DEFINITION.

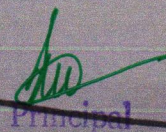
- * The organization of emergency services refers to the structured arrangement of personnel, resources, and communication systems designed to respond to emergency situations in a coordinated and effective manner.
- * The organization of emergency services aims to provide a swift, effective and coordinated response to emergencies, minimizing harm and supporting community resilience.


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IMPORTANCE

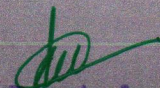
- Save lives
- Reduce property damage
- Enhance public safety
- Promote community resilience
- Improve response times
- Enhance coordination.
- Optimize resource allocation.
- Support disaster recovery.
- Build public trust.
- Reduce stress and anxiety

By having a well-organized emergency service systems, communities can better prepare for, respond to and recover from emergencies, ultimately saving lives and reducing the impact of disasters.



FUNCTION

- Function of immediate & correct life saving treatment at all times and for all situations.
- Collection of casualties.
- Rapid institution of BLS to critically ill at sites en route and in hospital.
- Information centre to render advice on telephone or in person on simple medical queries.
- Capacity and capability to provide effective management during disaster situations.


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TYPES OF EMERGENCY SERVICES

- Police Department
- Fire department
- Emergency medical services (EMS)
- Disaster Response and recovery

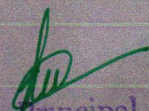
COMPONENTS OF EMERGENCY SERVICES

- communication and dispatch.
- Response and rescue.
- Medical Treatment and transport
- Fire suppression and prevention.
- law enforcement and security.

EMERGENCY SERVICE SYSTEM

An emergency service system (ESS) is a network of agencies, resources and communication systems designed to respond to emergencies and disasters.

- ↳ Emergency call centers.
- ↳ Emergency operation centers.
- ↳ Incident command systems.
- ↳ EMS Dispatch
- ↳ Ambulance services
- ↳ Paramedic and EMT services.
- ↳ Emergency medical dispatch.
- ↳ ALS and BLS response.
- ↳ Medical direction
- ↳ Quality assurance and improvement.
- ↳ Training and education
- ↳ Communication and coordination.

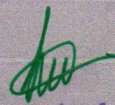

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AIMS AND OBJECTIVE

- ↳ Right treatment
- ↳ Right time
- ↳ Right place
- ↳ Right resources
- ↳ speed.
- ↳ Sympathy
- ↳ science.

CONCLUSION

The organization of emergency services is a vital component of a comprehensive emergency management system. It ensures a swift, effective and coordinated response to emergencies, minimizing harm and supporting community resilience. A well organized emergency services system is crucial for effective emergency management and its importance cannot be overstated.

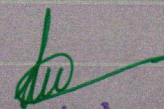


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9.	Co relating with other subjects		✓			
10.	Adequate and update reference		✓			

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Remarks: References should be written in a relevant manner (41)

Signature of the student:

Signature of evaluator:

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ASSIGNMENT ON TYPES OF DISASTER

Submitted to,

Mrs. Saritha Reddy Mam

Professor

Department of MSN

Sree Narayana

Nursing college

Submitted by,

Devananda Saji

IInd year P. Bsc(N)

D-batch

Roll no: 28

Sree Narayana

Nursing college

V.R. Saritha Reddy

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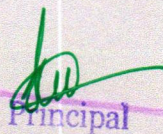
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INTRODUCTION

- Disaster as any occurrence that causes damage ecological disruption, loss of human life, deterioration of health and health services.
- Disaster are not confined to a particular part of the world; they can occur any where and any time



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DISASTER NURSING

Disaster nursing can be defined as a adaptation of professional nursing skills in recognizing and meeting the nursing physical and emotional needs resulting from the disaster.

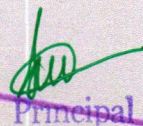
TYPES OF DISASTER

→ Natural Disaster :

Tornados, hailstorms, tsunami, floods, Earthquakes, communicable disease etc.

→ Man Made Disaster :

Fires, explosions, toxic materials, pollution, terrorist attack, transportation accidents etc.



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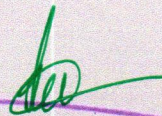
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GOALS OF THE DISASTER NURSING

- To meet the immediate basic survival needs of populations affected by disaster
- To identify the potential for a secondary disaster
- To appraise both risks and resources in the environment
- To correct inequalities in access to health care or appropriate resources
- To empower survivors to participate in and advocate for their health and well being.
- To respect cultural, lingual, and religious diversity in individual and families and to apply this principle in all health promotion activities.
- To promote the highest achievable quality of life for survivors



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PRINCIPLES

- Rapid assessment of the situation and of nursing care needs
- Triage and initiation of life-saving measures first
- The selected use of essential nursing interventions and the elimination of nonessential nursing activities
- Evaluation of the environment and the mitigation or removal of any health hazards
- Prevention of further injury or illness.
- Leadership in coordinating patient triage, care, and transport during times of crisis
- The teaching, supervision, and utilization of auxiliary medical personnel and volunteers.

HEALTH EFFECTS OF DISASTER

- Disasters may cause premature deaths, illnesses and injuries
- Disasters may destroy the local health care infrastructure
- Disasters may affect the psychological, emotional, and social well being of the population
- Disasters may cause shortages of food and cause severe nutritional deficiencies

PHASES

- Pre impact phase
- Impact phase
- Post impact phase

PRE IMPACT PHASE

It is the initial phase of disaster, prior to the actual occurrence. A warning is given at the sign of the first possible danger to a community with the aid of weather networks and satellite many meteorological disasters can be predicted

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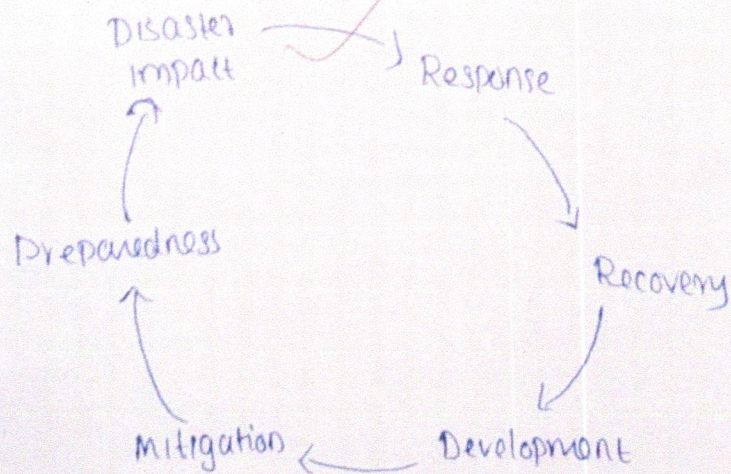
IMPACT PHASE

The impact phase occurs when the disaster actually happens. It is a time of enduring hardships or injury and of trying to survive.

POST-IMPACT PHASE

Recovery begins during the emergency phase and ends with the return of normal community order and functioning. The victims of disaster go through 4 stages of emotional response.

DISASTER MANAGEMENT CYCLE



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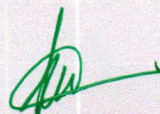
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CONCLUSION

Hardly a day now passes without news about a major or complex emergency happening in some part of the world. Disasters continue to strike and cause destruction in developing and developed countries about their vulnerability to occurrences that can gravely affect their day to day life and their future. Nurses in any location will be on the frontline as care givers and managers in the event of damaging disaster.



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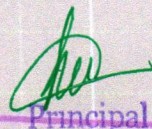
Name of the Book : Textbook of Medical surgical Nursing

Name of the Author : Benner and suddharth

Edition : 6th Edition

Volume : IInd

Page no : 1243, 1244, 1245



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